

AutoBiomes

Procedural Generation of Multi-Biome Landscapes

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The Good Dinosaur [Disney/Pixar]



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The Good Dinosaur [Disney/Pixar]



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Ghost Recon: Wildlands [Ubisoft]

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The Good Dinosaur [Disney/Pixar]



VaMEx-VTB [University of Bremen]



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Huge landscapes as combination of different biomes





Minecraft

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- Huge landscapes as combination of different biomes
- Populating the terrain with objects





Minecraft

Results





- Huge landscapes as combination of different biomes
- Populating the terrain with objects
- Manual creation is not an option





Minecraft

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- Huge landscapes as combination of different biomes
- Populating the terrain with objects
- Manual creation is not an option
- Procedural terrain generation (PTG)



Minecraft

Results







- Huge landscapes as combination of different biomes
- Populating the terrain with objects
- Manual creation is not an option
- Procedural terrain generation (PTG)
 - Much researched, still open challenges





Minecraft



Results







- Main PTG approaches:
 - Synthetic, e.g. noise
 - Fast, unintuitive, hard to get realistic results [Thorimbert18]





[Thorimbert18]

Details

Results







- Main PTG approaches:
 - Synthetic, e.g. noise
 - Fast, unintuitive, hard to get realistic results [Thorimbert18]
 - Physics-based, e.g. erosion, fluid simulation
 - Complex, realistic results, slow [Stam03, Jákó11, Ihmsen14]





[Thorimbert18]



[Jákó11]

Results









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 - Example-based, e.g. image synthesis, DEMs, neural networks
 - Realistic, good usability, inflexible [Zhou07, Beckham17, Wulff-Jensen18]





[Thorimbert18]



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[Zhou07]

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 - Physics-based, e.g. erosion, fluid simulation
 - Complex, realistic results, slow [Stam03, Jákó11, Ihmsen14]
 - Example-based, e.g. image synthesis, DEMs, neural networks
 - Realistic, good usability, inflexible [Zhou07, Beckham17, Wulff-Jensen18]
- Also valid for commercial tools (e.g. World Creator, World Machine, Terragen)









[Jákó11]



[Zhou07]

Results







Novel PTG system combining advantages of 3 approaches



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- Novel PTG system combining advantages of 3 approaches
- Effective generation of vast, plausible-looking terrains



vantages of 3 approaches Jsible-looking terrains

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- Dense, complex asset distribution



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- Easy-to-use, iterative workflow



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- Effective generation of vast, plausible-looking terrains
- Multi-biome landscapes
- Dense, complex asset distribution
- Easy-to-use, iterative workflow
- Unreal Engine 4 integration



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Previous Work





Biome-based Terrain Refinement



Asset Placement

Terrain + Asset Distribution

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Biome-based Terrain Refinement



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Terrain + Asset Distribution

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Results









Results









Results









Results









Results









Results









Results







• Each step is customizable and repeatable



Previous Work

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• Each step is customizable and repeatable



Previous Work

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Results







- Each step is customizable and repeatable
- Direct proxy visualization for quick workflow



Details

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Details

Results







Base Terrain Generation

Multiple octaves of simplex noise





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Base Terrain Generation

- Multiple octaves of simplex noise
 - Lots of parameters for flexibility, fast to compute, scalable
 - Other noise combinations possible





Details

Results







Base Terrain Generation

- Multiple octaves of simplex noise
 - Lots of parameters for flexibility, fast to compute, scalable
 - Other noise combinations possible
- Only serves as rough starting terrain, refined later
 - No tedious fine-tuning needed







Base terrain, water bodies in blue

Details

Results








Base Terrain Generation

- Multiple octaves of simplex noise
 - Lots of parameters for flexibility, fast to compute, scalable
 - Other noise combinations possible
- Only serves as rough starting terrain, refined later
 - No tedious fine-tuning needed
- Easily extendable with sketch-based editing techniques







Base terrain, water bodies in blue

Details

Results









Climate Simulation - Temperature

- Two adjustable interpolation modes:
 - Bi-linear interpolation





Temperature, blue = cold, red = hot





Climate Simulation - Temperature

- Two adjustable interpolation modes:
 - Bi-linear interpolation
 - Sine-based interpolation







Temperature, blue = cold, red = hot







Climate Simulation - Temperature

- Two adjustable interpolation modes:
 - Bi-linear interpolation
 - Sine-based interpolation
- Adjustable altitude-based decline







Temperature, blue = cold, red = hot



Details

Results









- Prevailing wind for moisture distribution
- Iterative, simplified semi-Lagrangian approach







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- Prevailing wind for moisture distribution
- Iterative, simplified semi-Lagrangian approach
 - Only self advection and external forces
 - User specified, persistent external forces on corners
 - Iteratively averaging wind vectors with adjacent ones in forward direction
 - Enables creation of smooth, believable prevailing wind currents



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Wind vector field

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Iterative computation



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- Iterative computation
- Water bodies/world borders as moisture sources



Details

Results





- Iterative computation
- Water bodies/world borders as moisture sources
- Temperature-dependent evaporation



Details

Results





- Iterative computation
- Water bodies/world borders as moisture sources
- Temperature-dependent evaporation
- Wind distributes moisture



Details

Results





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- Wind distributes moisture
 - Dispersion and equalization



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Grey indicates receiving moisture amount

Details





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Diffusion based on current moisture

Details





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Diffusion based on current moisture

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Moisture, low = red, high = blue





- Iterative computation
- Water bodies/world borders as moisture sources
- Temperature-dependent evaporation
- Wind distributes moisture
 - Dispersion and equalization
- Temperature and moisture-dependent precipitation





Moisture, low = red, high = blue



Precipitation, low = red, high = blue

Details

Results





- Iterative computation
- Water bodies/world borders as moisture sources
- Temperature-dependent evaporation
- Wind distributes moisture
 - Dispersion and equalization
- Temperature and moisture-dependent precipitation
- Enables phenomena like rain shadows





Moisture, low = red, high = blue



Precipitation, low = red, high = blue

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Climate Simulation - Biomes

• Biomes classified by temperature and precipitation



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Climate Simulation - Biomes

- Biomes classified by temperature and precipitation
- Discretized Whittaker diagram as lookup table
 - Fully customizable or replaceable









Climate Simulation - Biomes

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Biome map

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- Adds biome-specific structures
- DEMs as examples, inherently realistic





DEMs



Biome map

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Results





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- DEMs, h_d , blended with base terrain, h_b





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- DEMs, h_d , blended with base terrain, h_b
- Natural biome transitions essential





$h(p) = w_b \cdot h_b(p) + w_d \cdot h_d(p)$





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- DEMs as examples, inherently realistic
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- Natural biome transitions essential
 - Further noise-based border distortion





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 - Weighted blending of adjacent DEMs, *i*, via 2D kernel





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Procedural Asset Placement

Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model







Procedural Asset Placement

- Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model
 - Assets with bilateral placement rules









Procedural Asset Placement

- Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model
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 - Asset hierarchy, assigned to biomes








Procedural Asset Placement

- Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model
 - Assets with bilateral placement rules
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 - Constrained-based placement via dart throwing











Procedural Asset Placement

- Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model
 - Assets with bilateral placement rules
 - Asset hierarchy, assigned to biomes
 - Constrained-based placement via dart throwing
- Enables emergent multi-object distributions











Procedural Asset Placement

- Iterative, rule-based local-to-global model
 - Assets with bilateral placement rules
 - Asset hierarchy, assigned to biomes
 - Constrained-based placement via dart throwing
- Enables emergent multi-object distributions
- All seasons with one placement
 - Switching asset variants









Result: Proxy View of Final Terrains



Represents $1600 \ km^2$



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Result: Proxy View of Final Terrains



Represents $1600 \ km^2$



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Result: Proxy View of Final Terrains











Introduction

Previous Work

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Represents $1600 \ km^2$







Bremen Result: Asset Placement



~ 200,000 instances on final terrain



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Result: Asset Placement

Shrubs exclusively in shadow of dense tree clusters

Tight clusters of shrubs in open spaces between trees







Previous Work



Dense, clumped shrubs around loosely grouped trees











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Bremen

Result: Performance

Complexity: $O(N \cdot k) - N$: # cells k: # iterations

Pipeline Step	Res. 1	Res. 2	Res. 3
Terrain Gen.	1024	2048	4096
Asset Placing	30	60	120
Rest	128	256	512









Result: Terrain Refinement Performance





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- Successful combination of synthetic, physics-based and example-based PTG
- Effective generation of vast, plausible-looking landscapes
- Varied landscapes as combination of biomes
- Procedural, complex rule-based asset placement
- Quick, easy-to-use iterative workflow





Results





- Successful combination of synthetic, physics-based and example-based PTG
- Effective generation of vast, plausible-looking landscapes
- Varied landscapes as combination of biomes
- Procedural, complex rule-based asset placement
- Quick, easy-to-use iterative workflow
- Unreal Engine 4 integration





Results





Consider geological properties and soil types







- Consider geological properties and soil types
- Add rivers/water bodies and erosion



Details

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- Generate and combine DEMs using neural networks







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- Add sketch-based user control







- Consider geological properties and soil types
- Add rivers/water bodies and erosion
- Generate and combine DEMs using neural networks
- Add sketch-based user control
- Improve efficiency, e.g. multi-threading







Thank you! Questions?











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